

Arte poética (I)

for 4-Channel Tape

© *Javier A. Garavaglia (1995)*

Mirar el río hecho de tiempo y agua
Y recordar que el tiempo es otro río,
Saber que nos perdemos como el río
Y que los rostros pasan como el agua. (*)

Jorge Luis Borges
(First Stanza from his poem "Arte Poética")

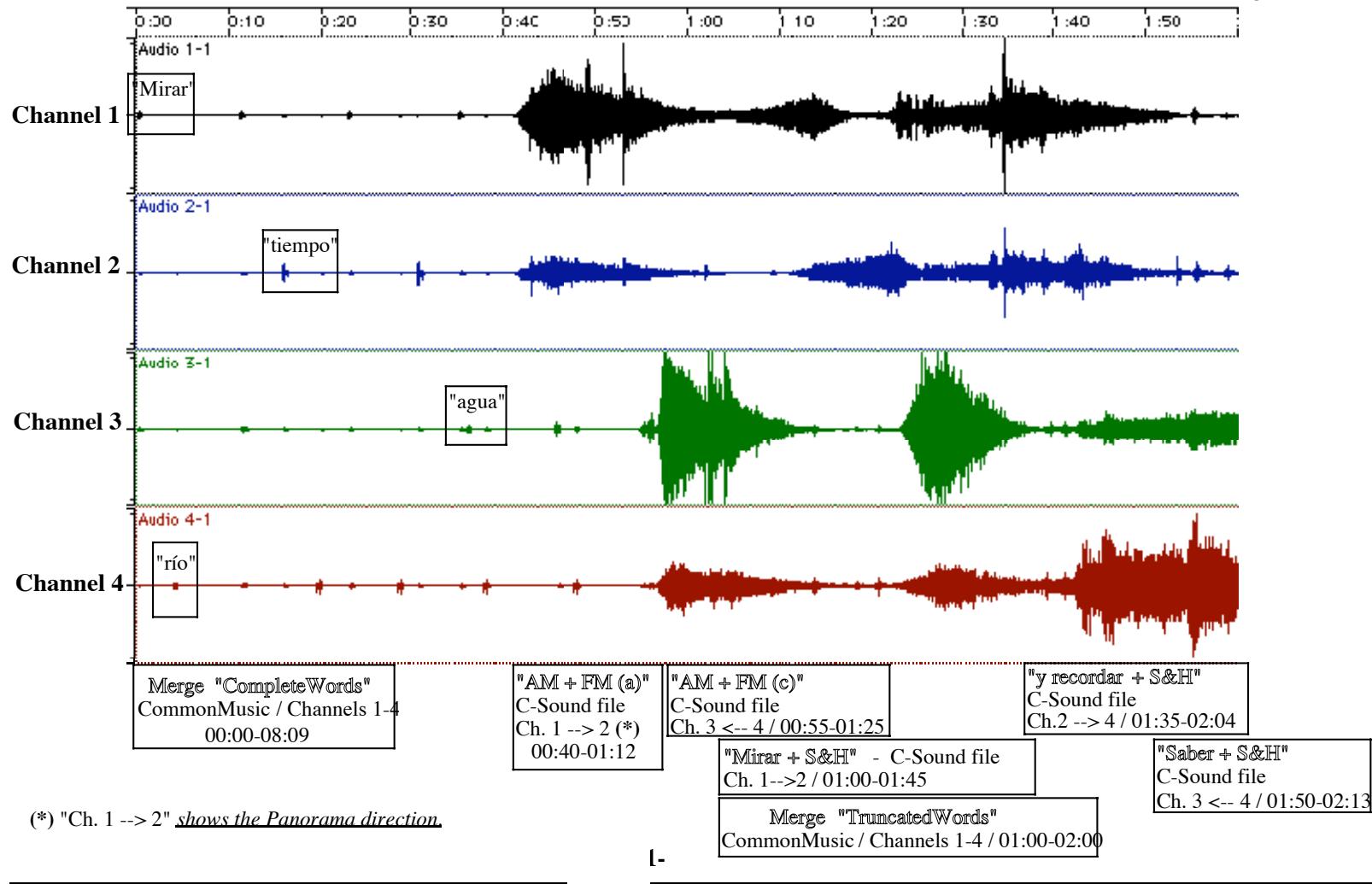
(*) "To look at the river made of time and water
remembering that the time is another river,
to know that we loose ourselves like the river
and that the faces flow like the water."
(FREE TRANSLATION)

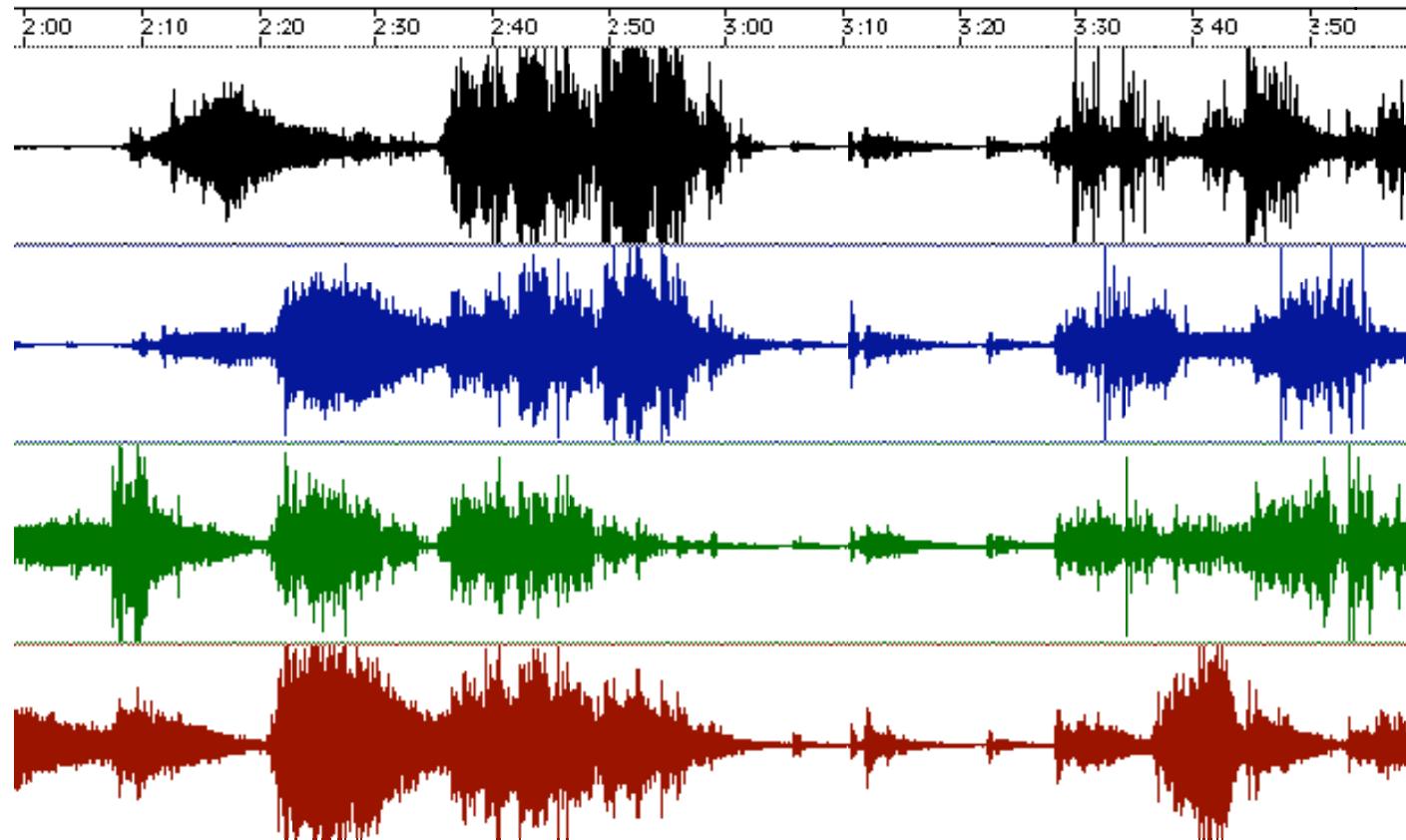
Waveforms

Arte Poética (I)

Waveforms Score

Javier A. Garavaglia (1995)



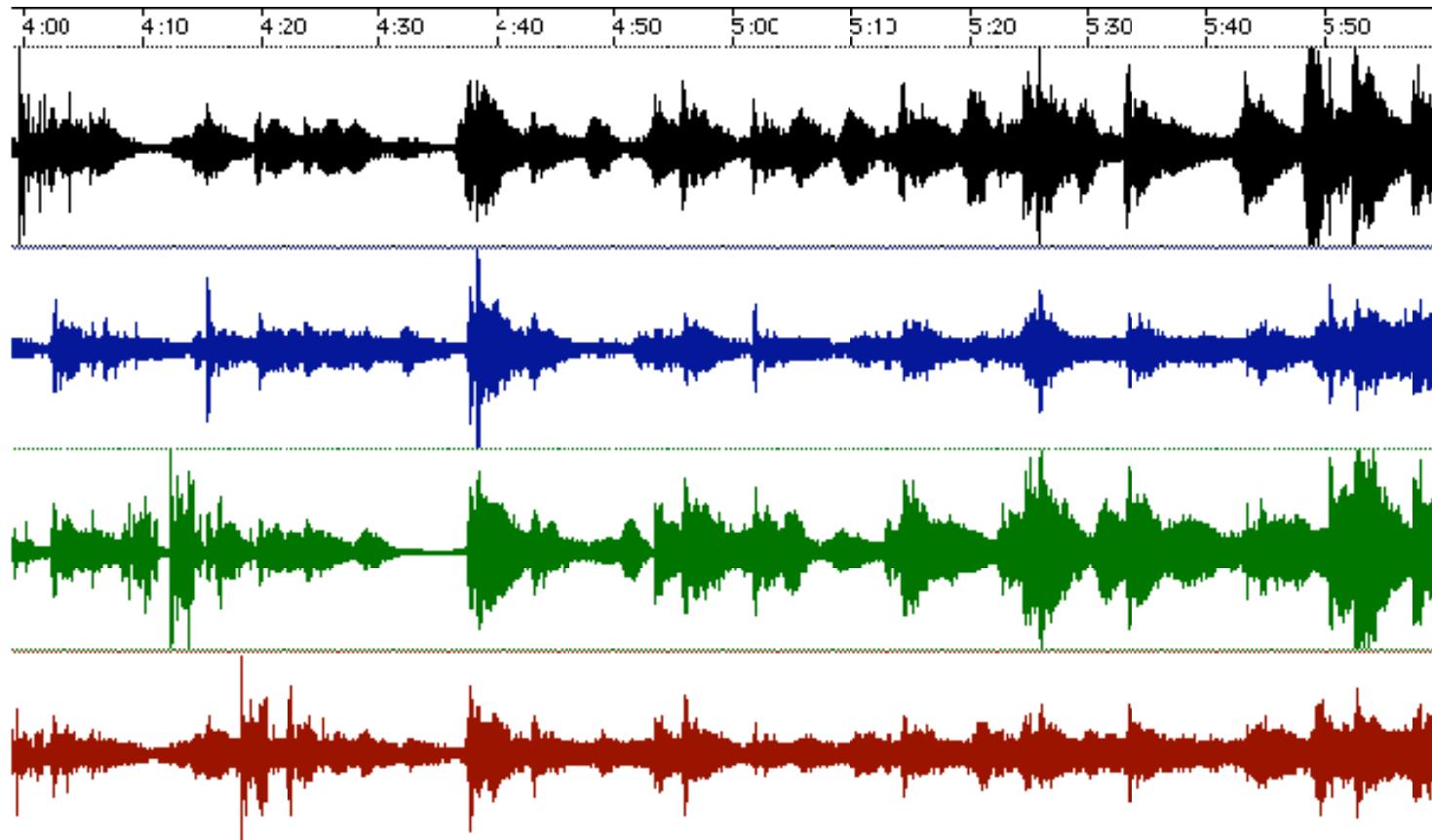


"y que los... + S&H"
C-Sound file
Ch. 1<--3 / 02:05-02:27

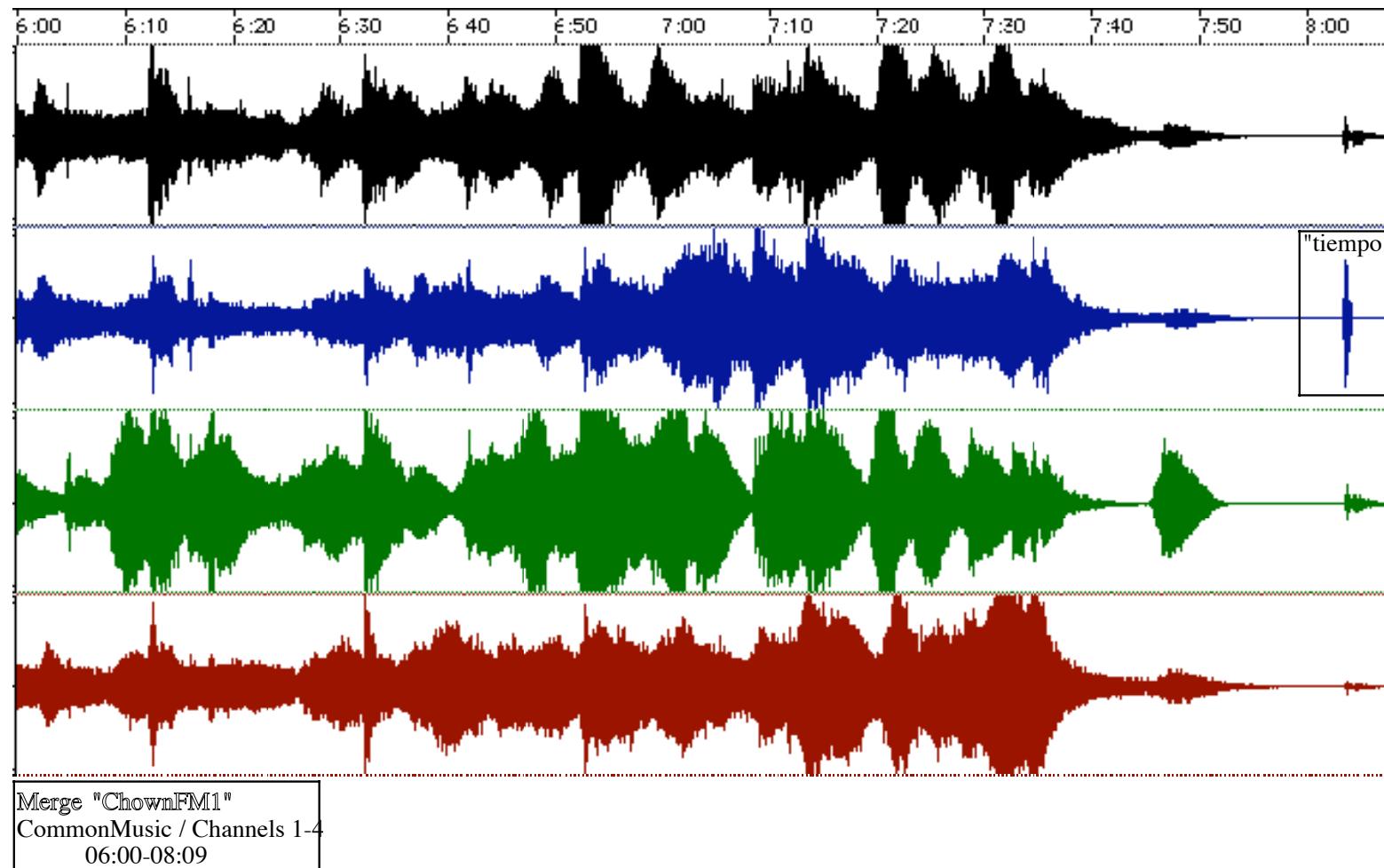
"FilArte 1" + "FilArte 2"
C-Sound files
Ch. 1-4 / 03:00-04:03

"AM + FM (b)"
C-Sound file
Ch. 1<-- 2 / 02:20-03:06

Merge "TruncatedWords"
CommonMusic / Channels 1-4
03:20-04:28

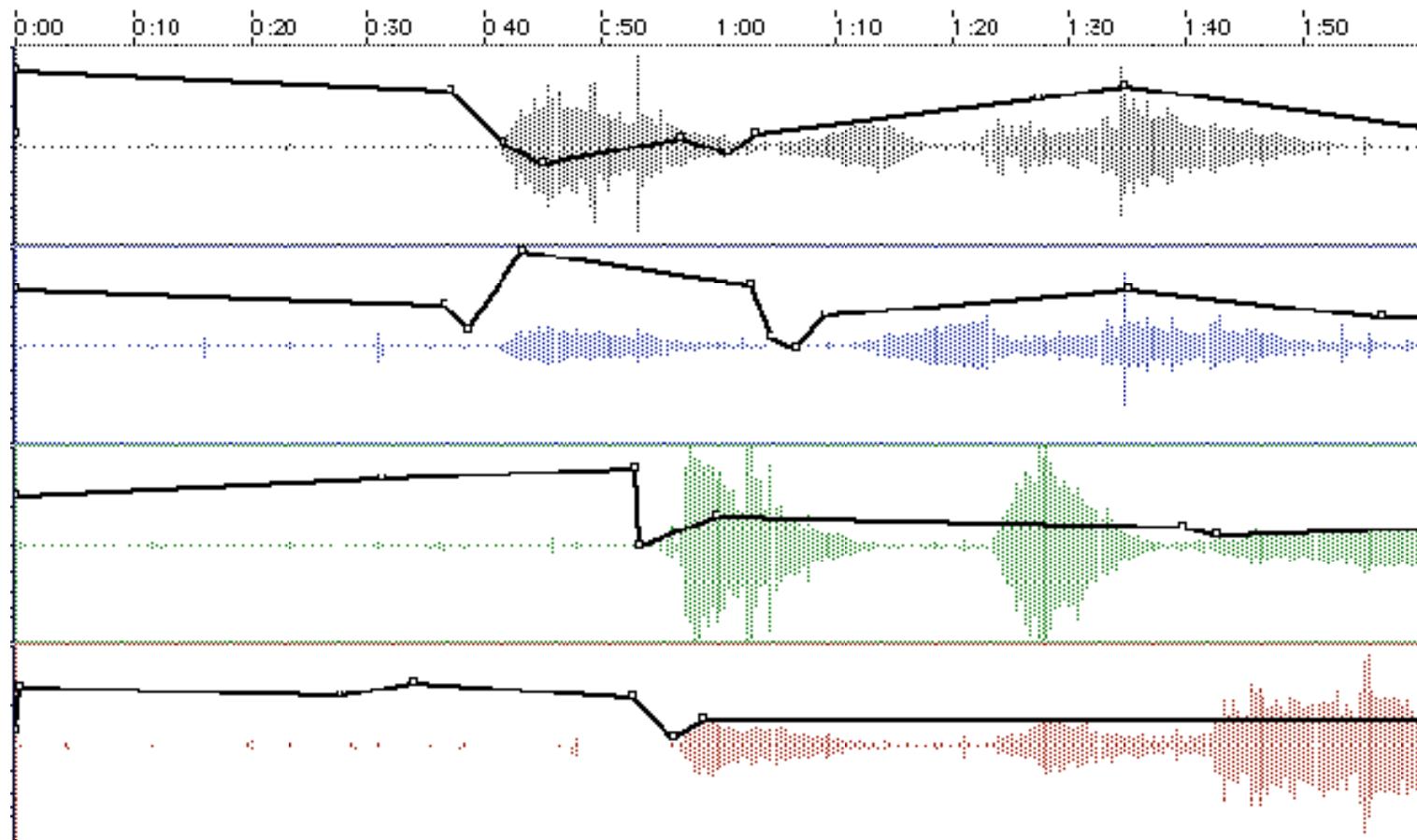


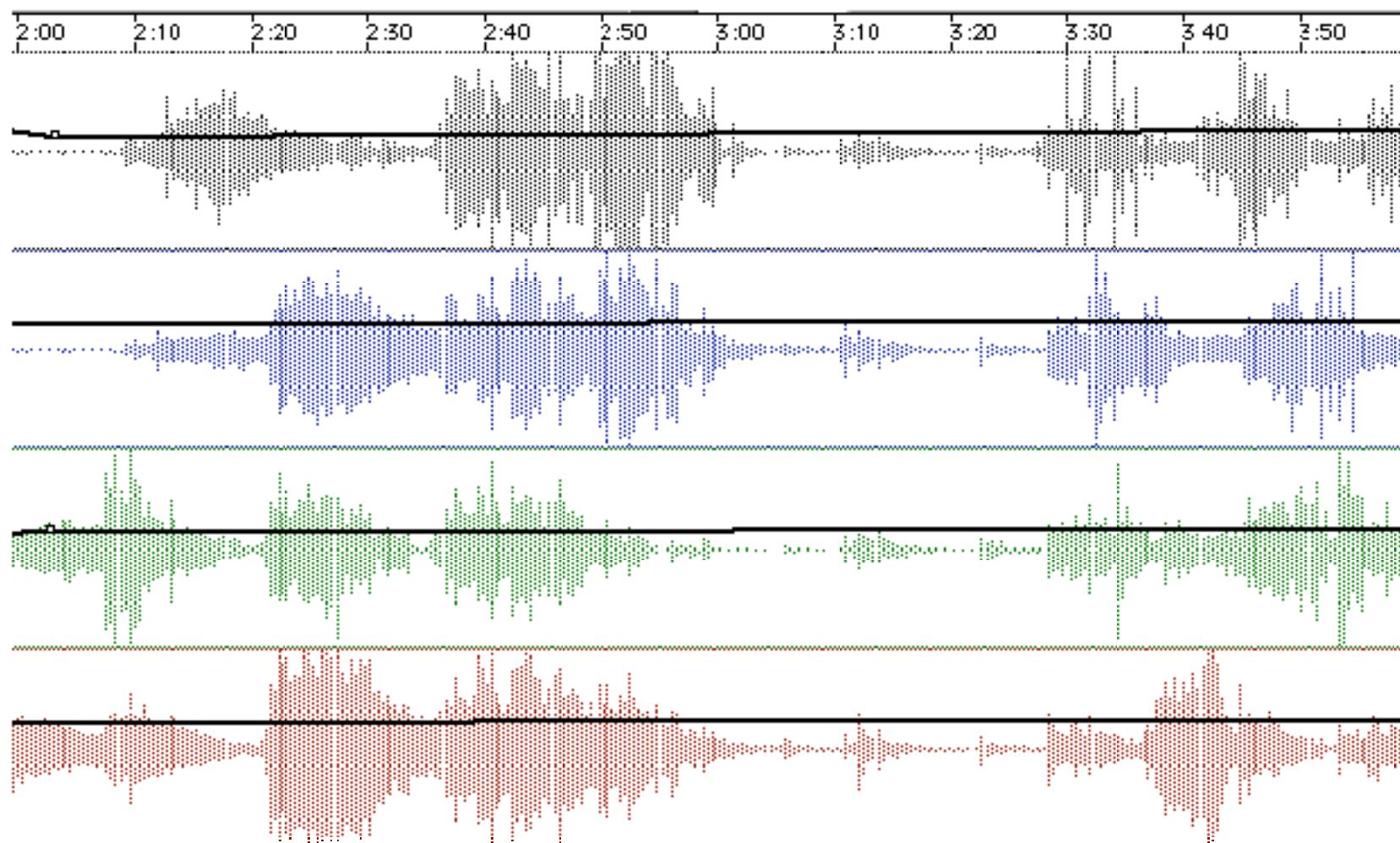
Merge "ChownFM2" (2 Takes)
CommonMusic / Channels 1-4
04:00 / 08.09

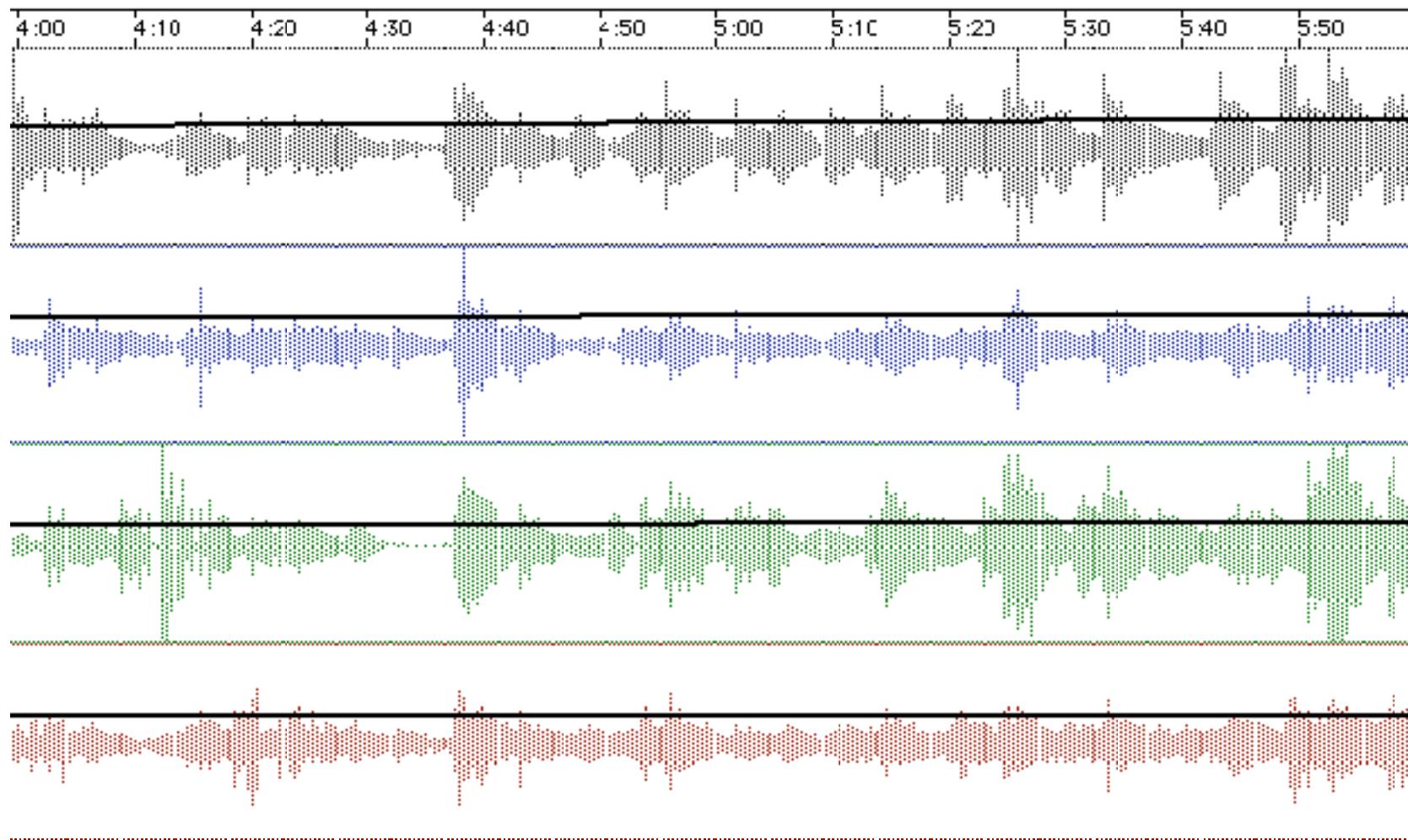


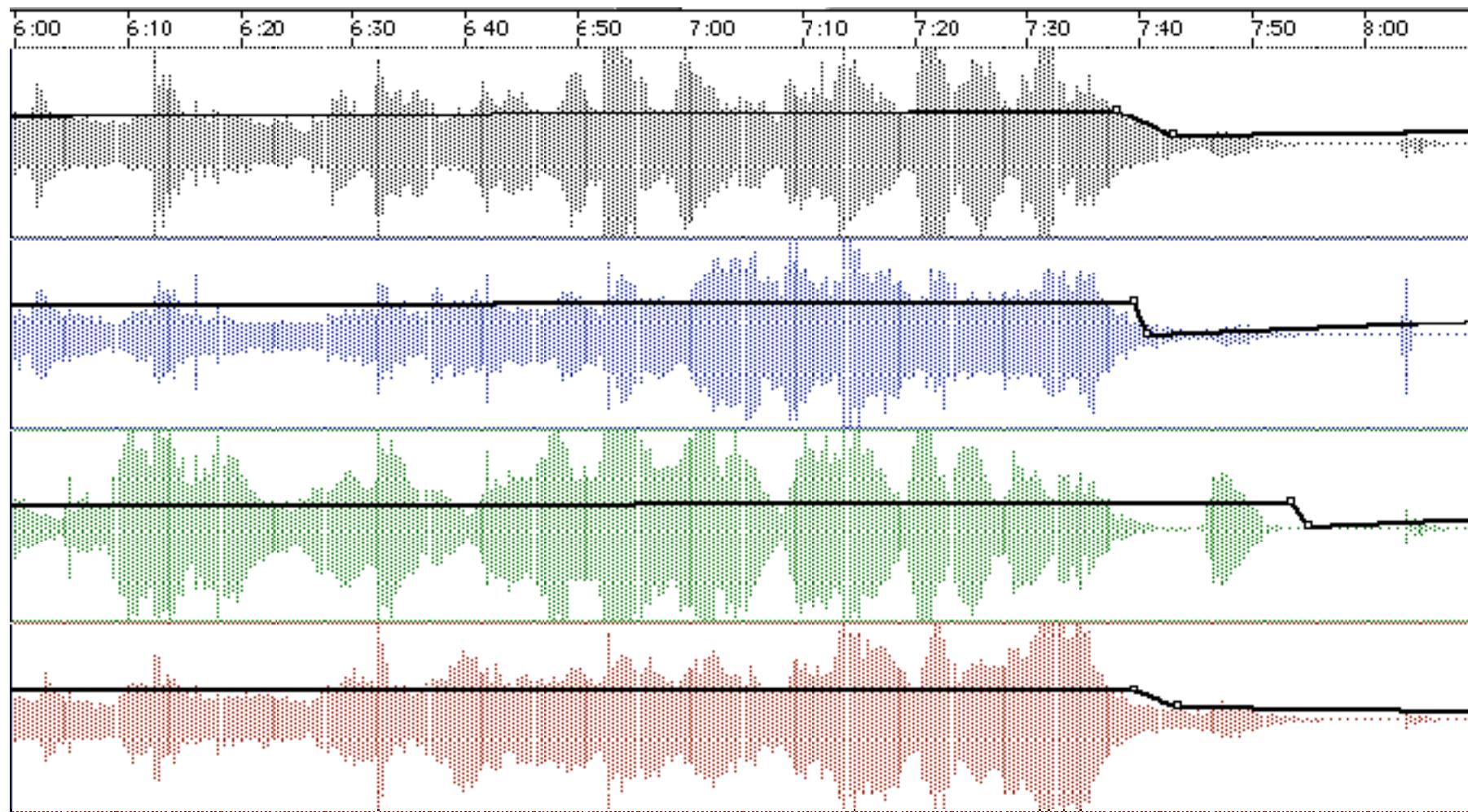
Arte Poética (I)

Waveforms Score with Volume graphic









C-Sound

and

CommonMusic Data

Arte Poética (I)

C-Sound orc. and sco. Files ("Water Files ")

1)

;;AM+FM+STIMME(09a).orc

```
sr=44100  
kr=441  
ksmps=100  
nchnls=2
```

instr 1

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)  
iskiptime =  p6  
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4  
ifmrise   =  p8*p3        ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note  
ifmdec    =  p9*p3        ;% of total duration  
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
asig1     soundin "1)Mirar el río (Trans).aiff", iskiptime;;Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down.  
kamp      linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0  
a1        =       asig1*kamp
```

```

kfm      linseg  0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex   line    .36,p3,3
kndx     =      kfm * kindex
kbalance line   0,p3,1
afm0      oscil  iamp, p5,.36,.57,kndx,1
afm1      oscil  iamp, p5*1.003,1.003,2.003,kndx,1
amfm     =      kfm*(afm0 * afm1); the 2 FM will be amplitude modulated with themselves
ainfmam  =      (a1*amfm) /18 ;;AM from the 2 FM will amplitude modulated with the Voice

outs  ainfmam * kbalance,ainfmam *(1 - kbalance)

endin

```

instr 2

```

iamp      =  ampdb(p4)/7
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise  =  p8*p3        ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec   =  p9*p3        ;% of total duration
ifmoff   =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

asig2     soundin   "2)Y recordar (TRANS).aiff", iskiptime ;;Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down.
kamp      linseg    0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
a2        =         asig2*kamp

kfm      linseg  0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0

```

```

kindex    line    .57,p3,4
kndx      =      kfm * kindex
kbalance   line   1,p3,0
afm0       oscil  iamp, p5,.63,1.57,kndx,1
afm1       oscil  iamp, p5*1.003,1.003,2.003,kndx,1
afm        =      kfm*(afm0 + afm1);; sume of the 2 FM

ainfmam    =      a2*afm;; Voice with sume of the 2 FM will amplitude modulated

outs  ainfmam * kbalance,ainfmam *(1 - kbalance)
endin

```

;;AM+FM+STIMME(09a).sco

```

t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7 ; sinus

```

;AM=(Stimme Transponiert)(+)(*) 2 FM.

;ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	fmrise	ifmdec
i1	0	28.87	27.5	136	0	.6	.1	.9
i2	7.0	25.65	27.5	157	0	.6	.1	.9
e								

2)

;;AM+FM+STIMME(09c).orc

```
sr=44100  
kr=441  
ksmps=100  
nchnls=2
```

instr 3

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)/7  
iskiptime =  p6  
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4  
ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note  
ifmdec    =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration  
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
asig3     soundin "3) Saber .. (TRANS) (aiff)", iskiptime  
kamp      linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0  
a3        =       asig3*kamp
```

```
kfm       linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0  
kindex    line   .63,p3,7  
kndx      =       kfm * kindex  
kbalance  line   0,p3,1  
afm0      oscil iamp, p5,1.75,2.75,kndx,1  
afm1      oscil iamp, p5*1.003,1.003,2.003,kndx,1  
afm       =       kfm*(afm0 * afm1)
```

```
ainfmam   =       a3*afm
```

```
    outs ainfmam * kbalance,ainfmam *(1 - kbalance)
endin
```

instr 4

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)/7
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec    =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
asig4     soundin "4) Y que los (Trans).aiff", iskiptime
kamp      linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
a4        =      asig4*kamp
```

```
kfm       linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex   line   1.57,p3,8
kndx     =      kfm * kindex
kbalance  line   1,p3,0
afm0      oscil iamp, p5,3,4,kndx,1
afm1      oscil iamp, p5*1.003,1.003,2.003,kndx,1
afm      =      kfm*(afm0 + afm1)
```

```
ainfmam   =      a4*afm
```

```
outs ainfmam * kbalance,ainfmam *(1 - kbalance)
endin
```

;;AM+FM+STIMME(09c).sco

```
t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7 ; sinus

;AM=(Stimme Transponiert)*fm
;ins Start Dur AMP Pitch Skiptime fmamp ifmrise ifmdec
i3 0 23.52 27.5 175 0 .7 .1 .9
i4 7.0 22.57 27.5 275 0 .7 .1 .9
e
```

3)

;;1-MIRAR+SH.orc

```
sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=2
```

;;Sample&Holds

instr 1

```
iamp = ampdb(p4)*4
iskiptime = p6
ifmamp = p7 ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise = p8*p3 ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
```

```
ifmdec = p9*p3      ;% of total duration
```

```
ifmoff = p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
irvbgain = p11
```

```
asig2 soundin "1)Mirar el río (Trans).aiff", iskiptime;; Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down (1st Verse)
```

```
kamp linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
```

```
a2 = asig2*kamp
```

```
ascr buzz 30000,400,10,int(4)
```

```
adiff diff ascr
```

```
anew balance adiff,ascr
```

```
agate reson a2,400,175;; Voice used as GATE for the S&H
```

```
asamp samphold anew,agate
```

```
ash tone asamp,1000
```

```
kbalance line 0,p3,1
```

```
kfm0 linseg 0,p3/2,p4*1.75,p3,p4
```

```
a3 oscil kfm0, (p5*1.36)+ash,int(4)
```

```
ash = a3+a2 ;; Sume of the S&H and the Voice
```

```
outs ash * kbalance,ash*(1-kbalance)
```

```
:garvbsig =garvbsig + ash*irvbgain
```

```
endin
```

::1-MIRAR+SH.sco

t0 60

f1 0 2048 10 3 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111; Sawtooth

f2 0 2048 10 7;Sinus

f3 0 2048 10 4 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111; Square

f4 0 2048 10 8 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1;Pulse

ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec	rvbgain
i1	0	29.00	70	100	0	.4	.2	.9	.2
e									

4)

;;2-Y RECORDAR+SH.orc

sr=44100

kr=441

ksmps=100

nchnls=2

;;S&H

instr 1

iamp = ampdb(p4)*4

iskiptime = p6

ifmamp = p7 ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4

ifmrise = p8*p3 ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note

ifmdec = p9*p3 ;% of total duration

```
ifmoff = p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
irvbgain = p11
```

```
asig2 soundin "2)Y recordar (TRANS).aiff", iskiptime;;Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down (2nd Verse)
kamp linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
a2 = asig2*kamp
```

```
ascr buzz 30000,400,10,int(4)
adiff diff ascr
anew balance adiff,ascr
agate reson a2,400,275;;Voice used as GATE for the S&H
asamp samphold anew,agate
ash tone asamp,1000
```

```
kbalance line 0,p3,1
kfm0 linseg 0,p3/2,p4*2.75,p3,p4
a3 oscil kfm0, (p5*1.57)+ash,int(4)
ash = a3+a2 ;Sume of the S&H and the Voice
```

```
outs ash * kbalance,ash*(1-kbalance)
;garvbsig =garvbsig + ash*irvbgain
```

```
endin
```

;;2-Y RECORDAR+SH.sco

```
t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 3 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111; Sawtooth
f2 0 2048 10 7;Sinus
f3 0 2048 10 4 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111; Square
f4 0 2048 10 8 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1;Pulse
```

	:ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec	rvbgain
i1		0	27.00	70	100	0	.4	.2	.9	.2
e										

5)

::3- SABER+SH.orc

```
sr=44100
kr=441
```

```
ksmps=100  
nchnls=2
```

;;S&H

instr 1

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)*4  
iskiptime =  p6  
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4  
ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note  
ifmdec   =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration  
ifmoff   =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)  
irvbgain =  p11
```

```
asig2     soundin "3) Saber .. (TRANS) (aiff)", iskiptime ;;Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down (3rd Verse)  
kamp      linseg   0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0  
a2        =        asig2*kamp
```

```
ascr      buzz     30000,400,10,int(4)  
adiff    diff     ascr  
anew     balance  adiff,ascr  
agate    reson    a2,400,300 ;;Voice used as GATE for the S&H  
asamp samphold anew,agate  
ash      tone     asamp,1000
```

```
kbalance    line      0,p3,1  
kfm0        linseg    0,p3/2,p4*3,p3,p4  
a3          oscil     kfm0, (p5*1.63)+ash,int(4)  
ash         =         a3+a2;Sume of the S&H and the Voice
```

```
outs  ash * kbalance,ash*(1-kbalance)  
endin
```

;;3- SABER+SH.sco

```
t0 60  
f1 0 2048 10 3 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111; Sawtooth  
f2 0 2048 10 7;Sinus  
f3 0 2048 10 4 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111; Square  
f4 0 2048 10 8 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1;Pulse
```

```
;ins Start Dur AMP Pitch Skiptime fmamp ifmrise ifmdec rvbgain  
i1 0 24.00 70 100 0 .4 .2 .9 .2  
e
```

```
*****
```

6)

;;4-Y QUE LOS+SH.orc

```
sr=44100  
kr=441  
ksmps=100
```

nchnls=2

;S&H

instr 1

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)*4
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise   =  p8*p3        ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec    =  p9*p3        ;% of total duration
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
irvb gain =  p11
```

```
asig2     soundin      "4) Y que los (Trans).aiff", iskiptime ;;Voice, transposed 3 Octaves down (4th Verse)
kamp      linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
a2        =         asig2*kamp
```

```
ascr      buzz      30000,400,10,int(4)
adiff    diff      ascr
anew      balance   adiff,ascr
agate     reson     a2,400,400 ;;Voice used as GATE for the S&H
asamp    samphold  anew,agate
ash       tone      asamp,1000
```

```
kbalance  line      0,p3,1
kfm0      linseg    0,p3/2,p4*4,p3,p4
a3        oscil     kfm0, (p5*2.57)+ash,int(4)
```

ash = a3+a2; **Sume of the S&H and the Voice**

```
outs ash * kbalance,ash*(1-kbalance)
;garvbsig =garvbsig + ash*irvbgain
endin
```

::4-Y QUE LOS+SH.sco

```
t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 3 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111; Sawtooth
f2 0 2048 10 7;Sinus
f3 0 2048 10 4 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111; Square
f4 0 2048 10 8 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1;Pulse
```

jins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec	rvbgain
i1	0	23.00	70	100	0	.4	.2	.9	.2

7)

::AM+FM+STIMME(09b).orc

```
sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=2
```

instr 5

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)/11
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise   =  p8*p3        ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec    =  p9*p3        ;% of total duration
ibalance  =  p10         ; 1=left-0=right
index     =  p11
ifmoff   =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

asig5    soundin "ARTE POET 1-EST.AIFF", iskiptime;; Whole first Stanza in original Pitch

kamp     linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
a5       =      asig5*kamp

kfm      linseg 0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kndx    =      kfm * index
kfreqfm  line   p5,p3,p5*1.36
afm0    oscil  iamp, kfreqfm,1,1,kndx,1
afm1    oscil  iamp, kfreqfm*1.003,1.003,2.003,kndx,1
afm     =      kfm*(afm0 + afm1)
ainfm   =      a5*afm;; Whole first Stanza will amplitude modulated with 2 FM.

outs  ainfm * ibalance,ainfm *(1 - ibalance)
endin
```

;;AM+FM+STIMME(09b).sco

t0 60

f1 0 2048 10 7

; sinus

:2 FM + 1. Strophe komplett (Gesamtdauer = 42.56 Sek.)

ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec	ibalance	index(FM)
i5	0	14.18	30	40	0	.7	.1	.99	.01	4
i5	.36	14.18	>	70	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	.57	14.18	>	80	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	.63	14.18	>	110	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	1.57	14.18	>	120	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	1.75	14.18	>	140	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	2.75	14.18	>	150	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	3.00	14.18	>	160	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	4.00	14.18	>	180	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	7.00	14.18	>	210	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	8.00	14.18	>	220	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	11.00	14.18	>	280	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	12.00	14.18	>	300	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	14.00	14.18	>	330	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	15.00	14.18	>	360	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	16.00	14.18	>	440	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	18.00	14.18	>	450	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	21.00	14.18	>	490	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	22.00	14.18	>	540	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	28.00	14.18	>	660	0	.7	.1	.99	>	>
i5	30.00	14.18	33	770	0	.7	.1	.99	.99	15

e

8)

;;FiltARTE1.orc

```
sr = 44100  
kr = 441  
ksmps = 100  
nchnls = 2
```

instr 1

```
iamp      = (ampdb(p4)) - 3  
ifreqstart = p5 ; Ausgang Freq. für Filter  
ifreqend   = p6 ; Ende Freq. für Filter  
ibandwidth = p7 ; Bandbreite des Filters  
iskiptime  = p8  
ifmrise    = p9*p3      ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note  
ifmdec     = p10*p3     ;% of total duration  
iamp1      = p11        ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4 für FM  
ifmoff     = p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
kfiltfreq  line    p5, p3, p6  
kbandwidth linseg  p7,p3,p7*1.5  
kbalanceleft linseg 0,7,0.25,7,0.50,8,0.8  
kbalanceright linseg 0.8,7,0.50,7,0.25,8,0
```

;AM between 2 Signals with the voice, then filtered

```

asig1      soundin  "ARTE POET 1-EST.AIFF", iskiptime
asig1filt   =        asig1/40; wenig Pegel, um die Filter und AM nicht zu übersteuern
aamasig1    =        (asig1filt * asig1filt)/1.6 ; AM1
afilt       reson    aamasig1,kfiltfreq, kbandwidth
asigamfilt  =        afilt

```

;Chowning FM (TWICE)

```

ktabelle     randh  int(100),p3,0
kfreqfm1    line    300,p3,400
kfreqfm2    line    300,p3,275
kampfm      linseg  0,ifmrise,iamp1,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex       line    0,p3,7
kndx         =       kampfm * kindex

afm0         oscil   p4*7, kfreqfm1 ,ktabelle,ktabelle,kndx,1
afm1         oscil   p4*7, kfreqfm2,1,3,kndx,1
afm          =       kampfm*(afm0 + afm1);
afmamfilt   =       (afm * asigamfilt)/77      ;;filtered AM1 *(FM1+FM2) =AM2

```

```

outs         afmamfilt * kbalanceleft, afmamfilt * kbalanceright

```

endin

;;FiltARTE1.sco

t0 60

```
f1 0 2048 10 7 ;Sine wave
```

```
; ins   strt    dur    amp    startfr   endfr    bdw  skptm   fmrise  fmdec  fmamp  
i10    0      15.0   7      7000     8000    210    0       .15     1       .9
```

```
e
```

```
; The voice will be amplitude modulated with itself then it will be filtered by RESON (dynamically), then 2 FM  
; will be produced and added. Output: the FMs will be multiplied with the filtered amplitude modulated voice (AM between  
; AMfilt and the 2 FMs)
```

```
*****
```

9)

```
;;FiltARTE2.orc
```

```
sr = 44100
```

```
kr = 441
```

```
ksmps = 100
```

```
nchnls = 2
```

```
garvbsig init 0
```

instr 1

```
iamp      =  (ampdb(p4)) - 3  
ifreqstart =  p5 ; Ausgang Freq. für Filter  
ifreqend   =  p6 ; Ende Freq. für Filter  
ibandwidth =  p7 ; Bandbreite des Filters
```

```

irvbgain = p8
iskiptime = p9
ifmrise = p10*p3      ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec = p11*p3      ;% of total duration
iamp1 = p12          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4 für FM
ifmoff = p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

```

```

kfiltfreq    line   p5, p3, p6
kbandwidth   linseg p7,p3,p7*1.5
kbalanceleft linseg 0,7,0.25,7,0.50,8,0.8
kbalanceright linseg 0.8,7,0.50,7,0.25,8,0

```

;AM between 2 Signals with human voice, then filtered

```

asig1      soundin "ARTE POET 1-EST.AIFF", iskiptime
asig1filt = asig1/40;wenig Pegel, um die Filter und AM nicht zu übersteuern
aamasig1 = (asig1filt * asig1filt)/1.6 ; AM1
afilt      reson  aamasig1,kfiltfreq, kbandwidth
asigamfilt = afilt

```

;Chowning FM (TWICE)

```

ktabelle    randh int(100),p3,0
kfreqfm1   line   300,p3,400
kfreqfm2   line   300,p3,275
kampfm     linseg 0,ifmrise,iamp1,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex     line   0,p3,7
kndx       =      kampfm * kindex

```

```
afm0      foscil  p4*7, kfreqfm1 ,ktabelle,ktabelle,kndx,1  
afm1      foscil  p4*7, kfreqfm2,1,3,kndx,1  
afm      =      kampfm* (afm0 + afm1);  
afmamfilt =      (afm * asigamfilt)/77      ;; filtered AM1 *(FM1+FM2) =AM2
```

```
outs      afmamfilt * kbalanceleft, afmamfilt * kbalanceright
```

```
garvbsig =      garvbsig + afmamfilt * p8  
endin
```

instr 100

```
krvbtme line .36,p3-8,7
```

```
asig0      reverb  garvbsig, krvbtme  
kbalanceleft linseg  0,7,0.25,7,0.50,8,0.8  
kbalanceright linseg  1,7,0.50,7,0.25,8,0  
outs      asig0 * kbalanceleft, asig0 * kbalanceright  
garvbsig =      0  
endin
```

;;FilARTE2.sco

```
t0 60  
f1 0 2048 10 7 ;Sine wave
```

```
; ins    strt    dur  
i100    0       22
```

```

; ins    strt     dur      amp      startfr    endfr        bdw   rvsnd   skptm   fmrise   fmdec   fmamp
 110    0       15.0     7        7000      8000        210   .1       0       .15      1       .9
e
; The voice will be amplitude modulated with itself then it wil be filtered by RESON (dynamically) then 2 FM will be produced and added.
; Output: the FMs will be multiplied with the filtered amplitude modulated voice (AM between AMfilt and the 2 FMs)

```

C-Sound orc. and sco. Files ("Time Files ") Chowning FM Samples for the "TIEMPO"-SAMPLES

::TiempoSample 1 - Orchestralfile

```

sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=1

```

instr 1

```

iamp      =  ampdb(p4)
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise =  p8*p3          ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec =  p9*p3          ;% of total duration
ifmoff =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

```

```

kfreqfm    line      30,p3,33
kampfm     linseg    0,ifmrise, ifmamp, ifmdec, 0, ifmoff, 0
kindex line  0,p3,15
kndx       =         kampfm * kindex
ktabelle1   randh    ( int(200)),p3,0

afm0        oscil    iamp, kfreqfm , ktabelle1, ktabelle1+1, kndx,1
afm1        oscil    iamp, kfreqfm*1.001, 1.001, 2.001,kndx,1
afm         =         kampfm*(afm0 + afm1)

out        afm
endin

```

;TiempoSample 1 - Scorefile

```

t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7 ; Sine
f2 0 2048 10 1 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111 ; Sawtooth
f3 0 2048 10 1 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111 ; Square
f4 0 2048 10 1 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1 ;Pulse

```

;AM

ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec
i1	0	7.0	80	0	0	.6	.2	.9

e

::TiempoSample 2 - Orchestralfile

```
sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=1

instr 1

    iampl     =  ampdb(p4)
    iskiptime =  p6
    ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
    ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
    ifmdec    =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration
    ifmoff =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

    ktabelle      randh  (100 + int(100)), p3, 0
    kfreqfmcr    line    157,p3,175
    :kfreqfmmd   line    275,p3,300
    kfreqfmmd   line    57,p3,36
    kampfm        linseg  0, ifmrise, ifmamp, ifmdec, 0, ifmoff, 0
    kindex       line    4,p3,11
    knidx        =  kampfm * kindex
    ktabelle      randh  int (100),p3,0
    kbalance     line    0,p3,1

    afm0         oscil  iampl, kfreqfmcr, ktabelle-100, ktabelle-100, knidx,1
    afm1         oscil  iampl, kfreqfmmd*1.004, 1.004, 2.004, knidx, 1
    afm          =  kampfm* (afm0 + afm1)
    kbalance     line    0,p3,1
```

```
ainam          =      afm
      out      ainam
endin
```

;TiempoSample 2 - Scorefile

```
t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7           ; Sine
f2 0 2048 10 1 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111 ; Sawtooth
f3 0 2048 10 1 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111 ; Square
f4 0 2048 10 1 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1           ;Pulse
```

;AM

jins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec
i1	0	7.0	80	0	0	.6	.2	.9

e

;TiempoSample 3 - Orchestralfile

```
sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=1
```

instr 1

```

iamp      =  ampdb(p4)
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec    =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)

```

```

kfreqfm   line     66,p3,77
kampfm    linseg   0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex    line     0,p3,16
kndx      =       kampfm * kindex
ktabelle1 randh   ( int (360)),p3,0

```

```

afm0      oscil   iamp, kfreqfm , ktabelle1, ktabelle1+1, kndx,1
afm1      oscil   iamp, kfreqfm*1.001,1 .001, 2.001,kndx,1
afm      =       kampfm*( afm0 + afm1)

```

```
        out     afm
```

```
endin
```

::TiempoSample 3 - Scorefile

```

t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7                      ; Sine
f2 0 2048 10 1 .5 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111 ; Sawtooth
f3 0 2048 10 1 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111      ; Square
f4 0 2048 10 1 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1         ;Pulse

```

```
;AM
;ins Start    Dur   AMP  Pitch Skiptime fmamp ifmrise ifmdec
i1     0       7.0    80    0      0       .6      .2      .9
```

e

;;TiempoSample 4 - Orchestralfile

```
sr=44100
kr=441
ksmps=100
nchnls=1
```

instr 1

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)
iskiptime =  p6
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4
ifmrise   =  p8*p3        ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note
ifmdec    =  p9*p3        ;% of total duration
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)
```

```
kfreqfm    line    490,p3,450
kampfm     linseg  0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0
kindex      line    0,p3,18
kndx        =      kampfm * kindex
```

```

ktabelle1      randh ( int(36)),p3,100

afm0          oscil  iamp, kfreqfm , ktabelle1+1, int(3), kndx, 1
afm1          oscil  iamp, kfreqfm*1.001, 1.001, 2.001, kndx,1
afm           =      kampfm*(afm0 + afm1)
out          afm
endin

```

;TiempoSample 4 - Scorefile

```

t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 7 ; Sine
f2 0 2048 10 1 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111 ; Sawtooth
f3 0 2048 10 1 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111 ; Square
f4 0 2048 10 1 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1 ;Pulse

```

;AM

ins	Start	Dur	AMP	Pitch	Skiptime	fmamp	ifmrise	ifmdec
i1	0	7.0	80	0	0	.6	.2	.9

e

;TiempoSample 5 - Orchestralfile

```

sr=44100
kr=441

```

```
ksmps=100  
nchnls=2  
garvbsig init 0
```

instr 1

```
iamp      =  ampdb(p4)  
iskiptime =  p6  
ifmamp    =  p7          ;% of total amp, 1 ist gleich db amp in p4  
ifmrise   =  p8*p3       ;%of total dur, 1=entire dur of note  
ifmdec    =  p9*p3       ;% of total duration  
irvb gain =  p10  
ifmoff    =  p3 - (ifmrise + ifmdec)  
  
ktabelle  randh  (100 + int(100)),p3,0  
kfreqfmcr line    57,p3,63  
kfreqfmmd line    63,p3,36  
kampfm    linseg  0,ifmrise,ifmamp,ifmdec,0,ifmoff,0  
kindex    line    4,p3,11  
kndx      =      kampfm * kindex  
kbalance  line    0,p3,1  
  
afm0      oscil   iamp, kfreqfmcr , ktabelle-100, ktabelle-100, kndx,int(4)  
afm1      oscil   iamp, kfreqfmmd*1.002, 1.002, 2.002, kndx, int(4)  
afm       =      kampfm*(afm0 + afm1)  
  
outs     afm * kbalance, afm *(1 - kbalance)  
  
garvbsig= garvbsig+afm*p10  
endin
```

instr 2

```
krvbtme line .36,p3,15
asig      reverb      garvbsig,krvbtme
          outs   asig,asig
garvbsig=0
endin
```

;TiempoSample 5 - Scorefile

```
t0 60
f1 0 2048 10 9           ; Sine
f2 0 2048 10 1 .5 .3 .25 .2 .167 .14 .125 .111 ; Sawtooth
f3 0 2048 10 1 0 .3 0 .2 0 .14 0 .111 ; Square
f4 0 2048 10 1 1 1 1 .7 .5 .3 .1           ;Pulse

;AM
;ins Start    Dur     AMP  Pitch  Skiptime  fmamp  ifmrise  ifmdec  irvbgain
i1    0       4.0     80    0        0       .6       .2       .9       .5
i2    0       15.0
e

*****
```

Arte Poética (I)

CommonMusic Algorithms

1)

(Merge CompleteWords ()

;;Grundalgorithmus für "ARTE POETICA (I)". Dauer= 8 Min. 02 Sek.(Samples auf den Akai S1000=> "agua", "mirar", ;;"tiempo", "río", "recordar".)

**;; Die Länge (ohne das Inkrement) jedes Algorithmus wird von *CalculateLength* bestimmt, wobei die Länge vom
;; Inkrement immer verschieden sein soll.**

;; Samplesdauer auf dem Sampler (AKAI) ---> (C4->Ursprüngliche Tonhöhe)

;; Alle Algorithmen enden (fast) an der selben Zeitpunkt (Minute 8)

(loop for beg from 1 to 5

for n in '(Mirar2 río2 tiempo2 agua2 recordar2)

for begin in '(0 4 16 36 77)

for Inkrement in '(.36 .57 .63 1.57 1.75)

for Ton in '(c4 c4 c4 c4 c4)

for MidiKanal in '(0 3 1 2 4);; MidiChannel 1 2 3 4 5 (Die Reihenfolge der Samples beim Akai ist (Mirar-Tiempo-agua-río-recordar)

for Durchlauf in '(0 1 2 3 4)

for Samplelength in '(0.580 0.543 0.911 0.685 0.722)

for totalDauer in '(160 280 190 30 22);; Die Grenze von der maximalen Dauer (ohne Inkrement) wird in Sek. gesetzt.

for DauerInterval in '(11 7 14 8 12)

for AnfangAmplitude in '(.236 .257 .363 .257 .236)

for MaxAmplitude in '(.8 .8 .9 .8 .8)

do

```
(let* ((Noten Ton)
(Kanal Midikanal)
(Ink Inkrement)
(Durchl Durchlauf)
(Spllght Samplelength)
(TotDauer TotalDauer)
(DauerIntervall DauerInterval)
(AnfAmp AnfangAmplitude)
(MaxAmp MaxAmplitude))
```

```
(algorithm (name n) midi-note (start begin)
(vars (i Ink) (FreqRatio 1) (MomentDauer DauerIntervall) (amp1 AnfAmp) (amp2 MaxAmp)
(Länge 0) (CumulateDauer 0) (Increment 0)(DL Durchl))
```

```
(setf DL dl)
(setf Länge (CalculateLength i (+ Spllght Momentdauer) TotDauer)) ;; Die Zahl der Elementen
(setf Channel kanal)
(setf Increment i )
(setf FreqRatio (between 1 1.007))
(setf Note (item (steps 1 from Noten):kill längelänge))
(setf Note (item(pitches (steps 1 from Noten))))
(setf note (* note FreqRatio)) ;;Multiply the Pitch by Random number with a Ratio < 1 Octave
(setf Rhythm (incf MomentDauer Increment))
(setf Duration Rhythm)
(setf Amplitude (interp (mod count Länge) 0 amp1
(- Länge 1) amp2))
(setf MomentDauer Duration)
(setf CumulateDauer (+ MomentDauer CumulateDauer))
```

```
(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE CumulateDauer----->) (/ CumulateDauer 60.0) (quote min.-->)dl)))  
(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE Länge----->) Länge (quote Length-->)Channel)))
```

);;End of **algorithm**

```
(defun CalculateLength (Increment SampleDauer GesamtDauer)  
  ;;Durch diese Funktion wird die Länge jedes Alg. kalkuliert  
  (let* ((index 0)(Cumulate 0)(Länge 0)(MomentDauer 0));;(Länge ist wie Length dh. wieviele Elemente wird index haben)  
    (setf Increment  
      (cond  
        ((And(> Increment 1) (< increment 10)(/ Increment 10.0)))  
        ((And(> Increment 10) (< increment 100)(/ Increment 100.0)))  
        ((And(> Increment 100) (< increment 1000)(/ Increment 1000.0)))  
        ( Increment )))  
    (setf Länge (-(Truncate SampleDauer Increment)1));;DURCH DIESE DIVISION WIRD LÄNGE KALKULIERT  
    (loop  
      (setf index(+ index 1))  
      (setf MomentDauer (incf MomentDauer Increment))  
      (setf Cumulate (incf Cumulate MomentDauer))  
      (cond  
        ((Or(> index Länge) (> Cumulate GesamtDauer))(return (- index 1))))  
        ;(Print (list (/ Cumulate 60) (quote min.bei.Länge) längen ))  
      );;of Loop  
    );;of let*
```

);; end of CalculateLength

);; end of Let* (of Loop)

);;end of LOOP

) ;; End of **Merge**

Dauer des Merges

```
; (CUMULATEDAUER-----> 6.5 MIN.---> 4)
; (|LÄNGE----->| 15 LENGTH---> 4)
; (CUMULATEDAUER-----> 7.505 MIN.---> 3)
; (|LÄNGE----->| 19 LENGTH---> 2)
; (CUMULATEDAUER-----> 7.926666666666664 MIN.---> 0)
; (|LÄNGE----->| 29 LENGTH---> 0)
; (CUMULATEDAUER-----> 7.917500000000002 MIN.---> 1)
; (|LÄNGE----->| 30 LENGTH---> 3)
; (CUMULATEDAUER-----> 8.749999999999996 MIN.---> 2)
; (|LÄNGE----->| 24 LENGTH---> 1)
```

2)

(**Merge** TruncatedWords ()

; Die Länge jedes Algorithmus wird von CalculateLength bestimmt, wobei die Länge vom

```
;;Inkrement immer gleich sein soll  
;; Samplesdauer auf dem Sampler (AKAI) ---> 7.0 Sek (C4->Ursprüngliche Tonhöhe)  
;; Alle Algorithmen enden an der selben Zeitpunkt
```

```
(loop for beg from 1 to 5  
for n in '(Mirar río tiempo agua recordar )  
for begin in '(0 0 0 0 0)  
for Inkrement in '(.003 .003 .003 .003 .003)  
for Inkrement2 in '(.000036 .000057 .000063 .0000157 .0000175 )  
for Ton in '( c4 c4 c4 c4 c4 )  
for MidiKanal in '(0 3 1 2 4 );; MidiChannel 1 2 3 4 5 !!!!  
for Durchlauf in '(0 1 2 3 4);;  
for Samplelength in '( 0.580 0.543 0.911 0.685 0.722 )  
for totalDauer in '(66 66 66 66 66);;Die Grenze von der maximalen Dauer wird in Sek. gesetzt.  
do
```

```
(let* ((Noten Ton)  
(Kanal Midikanal)  
(Ink Inkrement)  
(Ink2 Inkrement2)  
(Durchl Durchlauf)  
(Spllght Samplelength)  
(TotDauer TotalDauer))
```

```
(algorithm (name n) midi-note (start begin)  
(vars (i Ink) (FreqRatio 1) (MomentDauer 0) (amp .0175) (Länge 0) (CumulateDauer 0) (Increment 0)(DL Durchl))  
  
(setf DL dl)  
(setf Länge (CalculateLength i Spllght TotDauer)) ;; Die Zahl der Elementen des Algorithmus wird berechnet.
```

```

;(setf Channel (between 0 4)) ;;MIDIChannel Wahl in Random
(setf Channel kanal)
(setf Increment i )
(setf FreqRatio (between 0.9 1.1))
(setf Note (item (steps 1 from Noten):kill längelänge))
(setf Note (item(pitches (steps 1 from Noten))))
(setf note (* note FreqRatio)) ;;Multiply the Pitch by Random number with a Ratio < 1 Octave
(setf Rhythm (incf MomentDauer (+ ink2 Increment)))
(setf Duration Rhythm)
(setf Amplitude (interpl (mod count Länge) 0 amp
(/ längelänge 1.57).7
(- längelänge 1) amp))
(setf MomentDauer Duration)
(setf CumulateDauer (+ MomentDauer CumulateDauer))

(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE CumulateDauer----->) (/ CumulateDauer 60.0) (quote min.--->)dl)))
(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE Länge----->) Länge (quote Length--->)dl)))

);;End of algorithm.

```

```

(defun CalculateLength (Increment SampleDauer GesamtDauer)
;;Durch diese Funktion wird die Länge jedes Alg. kalkuliert
(let* ((index 0)(Cumulate 0)(Länge 0)(MomentDauer 0));;(Länge ist wie Length dh. wieviele Elemente wird index haben)
(setf Länge (-(Truncate SampleDauer Increment)1));;DURCH DIESE DIVISION WIRD LÄNGE KALKULIERT
(loop

(setf index(+ index 1)))

```

```

(setf MomentDauer (incf MomentDauer Increment))
(setf Cumulate (incf Cumulate MomentDauer))
(cond
((Or(> index Länge) (> Cumulate GesamtDauer))(return (- index 1)))

(t 'LängeundGesamtdauersindkleiner))
;(Print (list (/ Cumulate 60) (quote min.bei.Länge) längelänge ))
);;of Loop

);;of let*
);; end of CalculateLength

);; end of Let* (of Loop)
);;end of LOOP
) ;; End of Merge

```

Dauer des Merges

```

;(CUMULATEDAUER-----> 0.8299754999999985 MIN.---> 1)
;(|LÄNGE----->| 180 LENGTH---> 1)
;(CUMULATEDAUER-----> 0.9375167999999993 MIN.---> 0)
;(|LÄNGE----->| 192 LENGTH---> 0)
;(CUMULATEDAUER-----> 1.1029922750000012 MIN.---> 3)
;(|LÄNGE----->| 209 LENGTH---> 3)
;(CUMULATEDAUER-----> 1.1036506250000016 MIN.---> 4)
;(|LÄNGE----->| 209 LENGTH---> 4)

```

```
;(CUMULATEDAUER-----> 1.120292249999992 MIN.--> 2)
;(LÄNGE----->| 209 LENGTH--> 2)
```

```
*****
```

3)

(Merge ChownFM1 ()

```
;;Die Samples werden am Anfang teilweise gelesen.
;; Die Länge jedes Algorithmus wird von CalculateLength bestimmt,wobei die Länge vom
;;Inkrement immer gleich sein soll(Length = SampleDauer / Increment
;; Samplesdauer auf dem Sampler (AKAI) ---> 7.0 Sek (C4->Ursprüngliche Tonhöhe)
;; NICHT Alle Algorithmen enden an der selben Zeitpunkt (TotalDauer:1Min:10Sek)
```

(loop for beg from 1 to 4

```
for n in '(FMIncfi0 FMIncfi1 FMIncfi2 FMIncfi3)
for begin in '(0 7 15 59) ;;Start wird von der GesamtDauer von c4 (Akai S1000)
for Inkrement in '(.175 .175 .175 .175)
for Inkrement2 in '(.0063 .0157 .175 .175)
for Ton in '(c4 c4 c4 c4)
for Durchlauf in '(0 1 2 3);;
for Samplelength in '(7 7 7 7)
for totalDauer in '(125 118 110 74);;Die Grenze von der maximalen Dauer wird in Sek. gesetzt.(ohne Inkrement)
do
```

```
(let* ((Noten Ton)
      (Ink Inkrement)
      (Ink2 Inkrement2)
      (Durchl Durchlauf)
```

(Splght Samplelength)
(TotDauer TotalDauer))

(algorithm (name n) midi-note (start begin)
(vars (i Ink) (FreqRatio 1) (MomentDauer 0) (amp .275) (Länge 0) (CumulateDauer 0) (Increment 0) (DL Durchl))

```
(setf DL dl)
(setf Länge (CalculateLength i Splght TotDauer));; Die Zahl der Elementen des Algorithmus wird berechnet
(setf Channel (item(items 0 1 2 6 in heap));;MidiChannels 1 2 3 7 (Samples "Tiemposample1" "Tiemposample2" "Tiemposample3" und
"ARTE Poetica";;1.verso")
(setf Increment i)
(setf FreqRatio (between .5 2.5))
(setf Note (item (steps 1 from Noten):kill längelänge))
(setf Note (item(pitches (steps 1 from Noten))))
(setf NOTE (COND
((= Channel 6)(* note 1))
((* note FreqRatio)))
(setf Rhythm (incf MomentDauer (+ ink2 Increment)))
(setf Duration Rhythm)
(setf Amplitude (interp (mod count Länge) 0 amp
(- Länge 1) .8))
(setf MomentDauer Duration)
(setf CumulateDauer (+ MomentDauer CumulateDauer))

(if ( equal (+ 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE CumulateDauer----->) (/ CumulateDauer 60.0) (quote min.--->)DL)))
(if ( equal (+ 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE Länge----->) Länge (quote Length--->)DL)))

);;End of algorithm
```

```

(defun CalculateLength (Increment SampleDauer GesamtDauer)
;;Durch diese Funktion wird die Länge jedes Alg. kalkuliert
(let* ((index 0)(Cumulate 0)(Länge 0)(MomentDauer 0));;(Länge ist wie Length dh. wieviele Elemente wird index haben)
(setf Increment
(cond
((And(> Increment 1) (< increment 10)(/ Increment 10.0)))
((And(> Increment 10) (< increment 100)(/ Increment 100.0)))
((And(> Increment 100) (< increment 1000)(/ Increment 1000.0)))
( Increment )))
(setf Länge (-(Truncate SampleDauer Increment)1));;DURCH DIESE DIVISION WIRD LÄNGE KALKULIERT
(loop
(setf index(+ index 1))
(setf MomentDauer (incf MomentDauer Increment))
(setf Cumulate (incf Cumulate MomentDauer))
(cond
((Or(> index Länge) (> Cumulate GesamtDauer))(return (- index 1))))
;(Print (list (/ Cumulate 60) (quote min.bei.Länge) längе ))
);;of Loop
);;of let*
);; end of CalculateLength

);; end of Let* (of Loop)
);;end of LOOP
) ;; End of Merge

```

4)

(**Merge** ChownFM2 ();; Die Länge jedes Algorithmus wird von *CalculateLength* bestimmt,wobei die Länge vom
;;Inkrement immer gleich sein soll(Length = SampleDauer / Increment
;; Samplesdauer auf dem Sampler (AKAI) ---> 7.0 Sek (C4->Ursprüngliche Tonhöhe)
;; NICHT Alle Algorithmen enden an der selben Zeitpunkt (TotalDauer:3Min:28Sec)

```
(loop for beg from 1 to 4
for n in '(FMIncfi5 FMIncfi6 FMIncfi7 FMIncfi8)
for begin = (random 20)
for Inkrement in '(.175 .175 .175 .175)
for Inkrement2 in '(.0063 .0157 .175 .175)
for Ton in '(c3 c3 c3 c3);; Oktave tiefer als beim Merge ChownFM1!!!!!!
for Durchlauf in '(5 6 7 8);;
for Samplelength in '(7 7 7 7)
for totalDauer in '(125 118 110 74);;Die Grenze von der maximalen Dauer wird in Sek. gesetzt.(ohne Inkrement)
do

(let* ((Noten Ton)
       (Ink Inkrement)
       (Ink2 Inkrement2)
       (Durchl Durchlauf)
       (Spllght Samplelength)
       (TotDauer TotalDauer))
```

(algorithm (name n) midi-note (start begin)

```

(vars (i Ink) (FreqRatio 1) (MomentDauer 0) (amp .275) (Länge 0) (CumulateDauer 0) (Increment 0) (DL Durchl))

(setf DL dl)
(setf Länge (CalculateLength i Spllght TotDauer)); Die Zahl der Elementen des Algorithmus wird berechnet
(setf Channel (item(items 0 1 2 3 in heap));;MidiChannels 1 2 3 4 (Samples "TiempoSample1" "TiempoSample2" "TiempoSample3"
;; und "TiempoSample4")
(setf Increment i )
(setf FreqRatio (between .5 1.5))
(setf Note (item (steps 1 from Noten):kill längelänge))
(setf Note (item(pitches (steps 1 from Noten))))
(setf NOTE (COND
((= Channel 6)(* note 1))
((* note FreqRatio)))
(setf Rhythm (incf MomentDauer (+ ink2 Increment)))
(setf Duration Rhythm)
(setf Amplitude (interp (mod count Länge) 0 amp
(- Länge 1) .7))
(setf MomentDauer Duration)
(setf CumulateDauer (+ MomentDauer CumulateDauer))

(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE CumulateDauer----->) (/ CumulateDauer 60.0) (quote min.--->)DL)))
(if ( equal ( + 1 count) Länge)(PRINT (LIST (QUOTE Länge----->) Länge (quote Length-->)DL)))

);;End of algorithm.

```

```

(defun CalculateLength (Increment SampleDauer GesamtDauer)
;;Durch diese Funktion wird die Länge jedes Alg. kalkuliert
(let* ((index 0)(Cumulate 0)(Länge 0)(MomentDauer 0));;(Länge ist wie Length dh. wieviele Elemente wird index haben)
(setf Increment

```

```

(cond
((And(> Increment 1) (< increment 10)(/ Increment 10.0)))
((And(> Increment 10) (< increment 100)(/ Increment 100.0)))
((And(> Increment 100) (< increment 1000)(/ Increment 1000.0)))
( Increment)))
(setf Länge (-(Truncate SampleDauer Increment)1));DURCH DIESE DIVISION WIRD LÄNGE KALKULIERT
(loop
(setf index(+ index 1))
(setf MomentDauer (incf MomentDauer Increment))
(setf Cumulate (incf Cumulate MomentDauer))
(cond
((Or(> index Länge) (> Cumulate GesamtDauer))(return (- index 1))))
;(Print (list (/ Cumulate 60) (quote min.bei.Länge) länge ))
);;of Loop
);;of let*
);; end of CalculateLength
);; end of Let* (of Loop)
);;end of LOOP
);; End of Merge

*****

```